



# SOLAR RELAY

**INVERTER CONTROL  
with SUNWAYS**

**STS 3-6KTL**



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## IMPORTANT..PLEASE READ

The CATCH Solar Relay works by emulating the energy meter the inverter would normally use.

This means two things are really important.

### 1. You need to read the inverter manual:

***Make sure you understand how to setup the inverter for export control.*** When you read the manual it will talk about an energy meter or CT...Follow the instructions exactly as they are in the manual. If there are any changes required we will let you know further down in this document.

### 2. Read the CATCH Solar Relay installation manual:

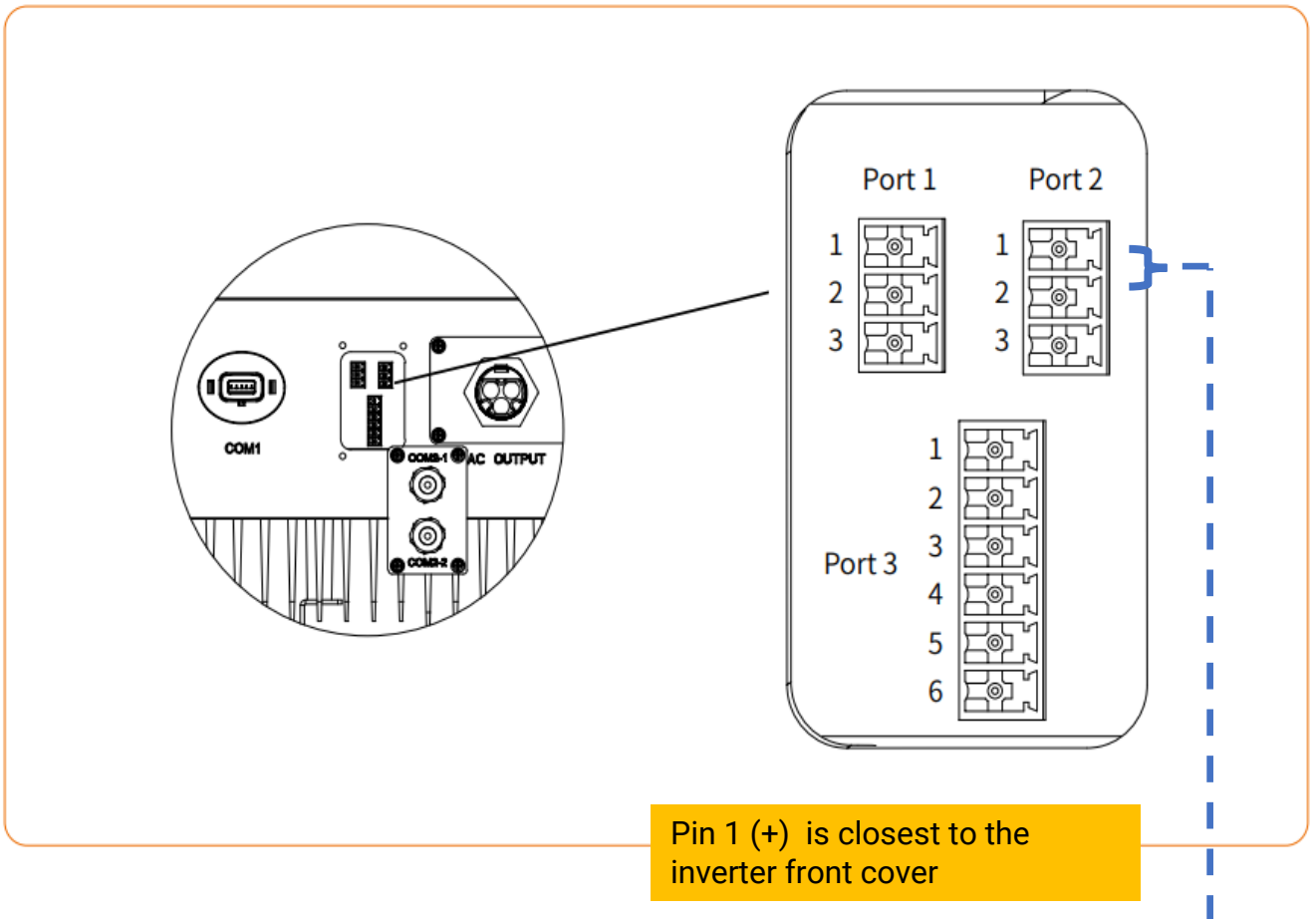
The manual outlines how to setup the CATCH Solar Relay to control loads. It also outlines circuit breaker requirements, how to use the CATCH Configurator App, etc.

*Once you have followed step one and two you are ready to proceed....*

## Wiring Instructions

CATCH Solar Relay and the inverter communicate using RS485. Connecting the two pieces of hardware requires a 2 core RS485 cable. When the RS485 cable run is greater than 20m it is recommended to use a 2 core cable designed specifically for RS485 communication, it will typically have a 120 Ohm characteristic impedance. However, for short cable runs any 2 core cable will typically do the job, as long as it is rated for the voltages it will be exposed to. The pink CBUS data cable is ideal for short cable runs.

# Connecting RS485 to the Inverter



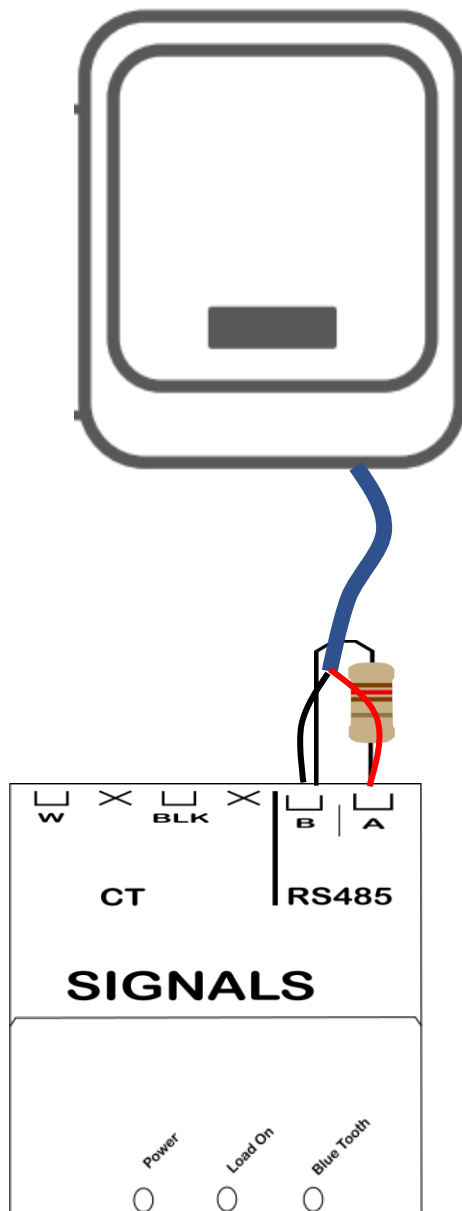
Pin 1 (Meter+) => Catch Solar Relay RS485 A

Pin 2 (Meter-) => Catch Solar Relay RS485 B

The image above is the bottom of the NS GEN3 Series inverter.

1. Remove bottom plate.
2. Using the green connectors supplied. Connect the RS485 cable to pin 1 and pin 2 as shown above..

# Connecting the RS485 Wires to CATCH Solar Relay



Ensure the data cable is rated for the voltages it will be in close proximity to. A 120 Ohm terminating resistor may be required at the CATCH Relay terminals as shown in the diagram below if the cable run is longer than 10m.

# Inverter Setup

## Change the Modbus Address to 1

General Settings → Modbus Addr

Change the Modbus  
Address to  
**1**

## Set the Export Limit

Advanced Settings → Export Limit

The default password is 1111.

## Set the Sys Control Mode

Setting the System Control mode to hard means the inverter will disconnect if there is a communications problem between the inverter and meter.

Advanced Settings → Sys CtrlMode

The default password is 1111.

Change this to **HARD**

# SOLAR RELAY Setup

The screen below is from the CATCH Power Configuration App. The App can be downloaded from Google Play Store or the Apple iStore.

**IMPORTANT**



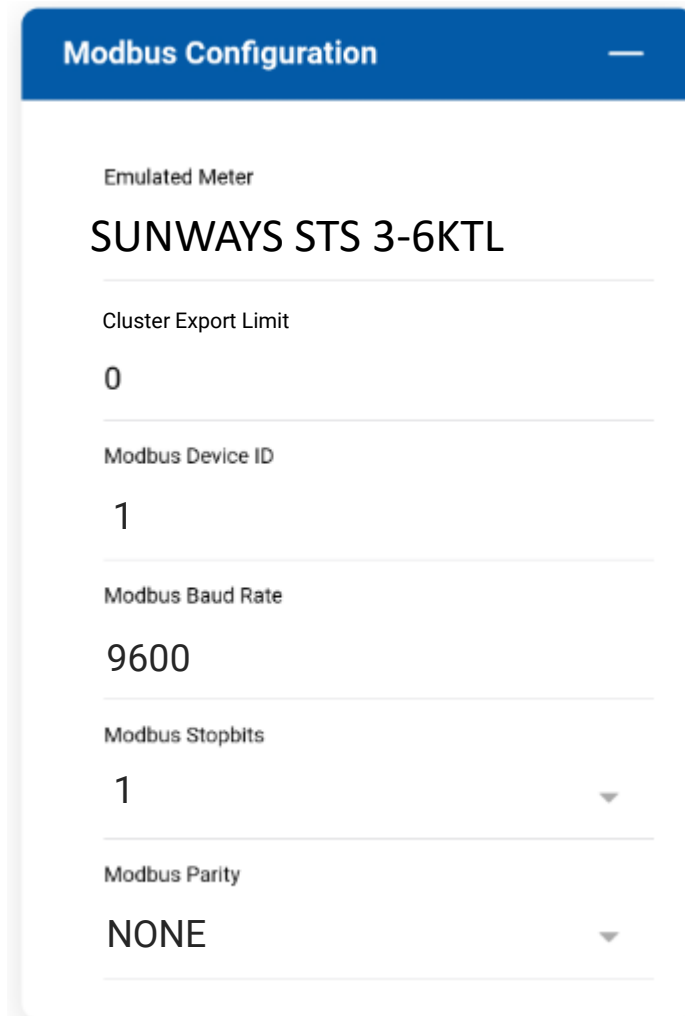
## **DO A FIRMWARE UPGRADE BEFORE YOU BEGIN**

We are adding new inverters, and new control features all the time. Your relay firmware is most likely out of date already. Follow the onscreen instructions and perform a firmware update before you continue on

# SOLAR RELAY Setup

Navigate to the Configuration screen and expand the Modbus Configuration section. Fill it out using the details below.

Save your changes.

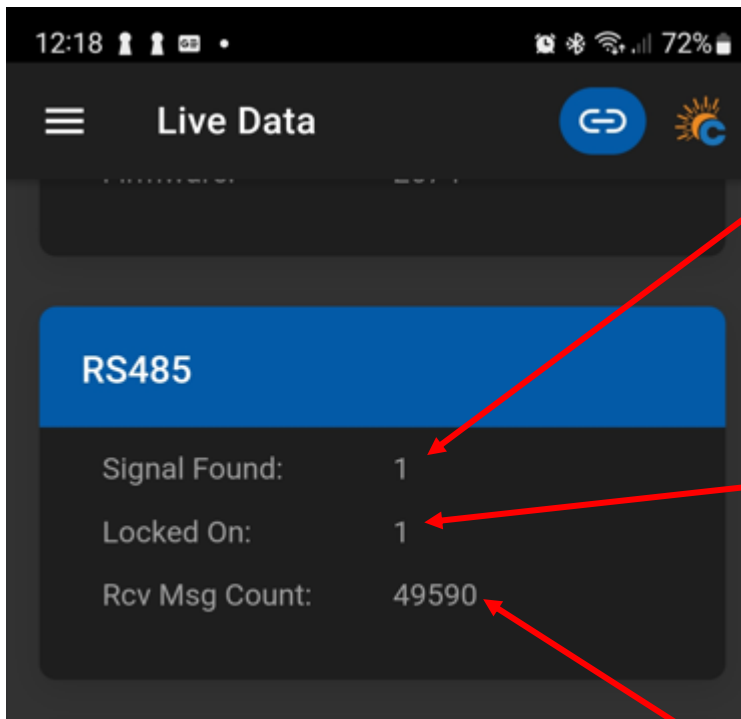
A screenshot of a mobile application's "Modbus Configuration" screen. The screen has a blue header with the title "Modbus Configuration" and a minus sign on the right. Below the header, there are several configuration fields, each with a label and a value. The fields are: "Emulated Meter" with the value "SUNWAYS STS 3-6KTL"; "Cluster Export Limit" with the value "0"; "Modbus Device ID" with the value "1"; "Modbus Baud Rate" with the value "9600"; "Modbus Stopbits" with the value "1" and a downward arrow; and "Modbus Parity" with the value "NONE" and a downward arrow.

Emulated Meter	SUNWAYS STS 3-6KTL
Cluster Export Limit	0
Modbus Device ID	1
Modbus Baud Rate	9600
Modbus Stopbits	1 ▼
Modbus Parity	NONE ▼

# Checking the status of the RS485 interface

Within the CATCH Power app if you navigate to the bottom of the Live Data screen you will see something similar to the screen below.

The RS485 Status Can be used to confirm correct operation



Indicates the inverter is transmitting data on the RS485 cable.

If this is zero it means the inverter is not communicating or there is a break in the cable.

This indicates the inverter and the CATCH Relay are talking the same language.

If this is zero it is likely you have not chosen the correct meter when configuring the relay or the +ve and -ve wires are crossed over.

This number continually counts the number of successful messages. This number will continue to rise if communications the link is good.



**THE FOLLOWING ONLY NEEDS  
TO BE FOLLOWED IF YOU ARE ENABLING  
DYNAMIC / FLEXIBLE EXPORTS**



## NO NATIVE MONITORING

If you choose to use RTU Control for this inverter, the inverter monitoring platform will not work



## NO BATTERIES

RTU Control cannot be used on Hybrid inverters that have a battery connected.

### Set the Export Limit to ZERO

Advanced Settings → Export Limit

The default password is 1111.

### Set the Sys Control Mode

Setting the System Control mode to hard means the inverter will disconnect if there is a communications problem between the inverter and meter.

Advanced Settings → Sys CtrlMode

The default password is 1111.

Change this to **HARD**

## SUNSPEC Configuration

GE Does not support SUNSPEC over  
modbusTCP



# REGISTER SITE

DYNAMIC / FLEXIBLE Export Control

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Follow the Configuration steps in the Electricians Guide to register the site for the MONOCLE, and for Dynamic / Flexible Exports

DYNAMIC / FLEXIBLE EXPORT CONTROL

DYNAMIC / FLEXIBLE EXPORT CONTROL